

## NYB - PHYSICS DATA SHEET

### Constants

Acceleration Due to Gravity Near Earth $ \vec{a}_g  = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$
Gravitational Constant ... $G = 6.67 \times 10^{-11} \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{kg}^2$
Radius of Earth ..... $r_E = 6.37 \times 10^6 \text{ m}$
Mass of Earth..... $M_E = 5.97 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg}$
Elementary charge..... $e = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ C}$
Coulomb's Law Constant $k = \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 8.99 \times 10^9 \text{ N} \cdot \text{m}^2/\text{C}^2$
Electron Volt..... $1 \text{ eV} = 1.60 \times 10^{-19} \text{ J}$
Atomic Mass Unit..... $u = 1.66 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Permittivity of free space .... $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \frac{\text{C}^2}{\text{N} \cdot \text{m}^2}$
Permeability of free space .... $\mu_0 = 4\pi \cdot 10^{-7} \frac{\text{N}}{\text{A}^2} \text{ or } \frac{\text{Wb}}{\text{A} \cdot \text{m}}$
Avogadro's Number..... $N_A = 6.022 \times 10^{23} \text{ atoms/mol}$

### Prefixes Used with SI Units

Prefix	Symbol	Exponential Value
atto	<i>a</i>	$10^{-18}$
femto	<i>f</i>	$10^{-15}$
pico	<i>p</i>	$10^{-12}$
nano	<i>n</i>	$10^{-9}$
micro	$\mu$	$10^{-6}$
milli	<i>m</i>	$10^{-3}$
centi	<i>c</i>	$10^{-2}$
deci	<i>d</i>	$10^{-1}$
deka	<i>da</i>	$10^1$
hecto	<i>h</i>	$10^2$
kilo	<i>k</i>	$10^3$
mega	<i>M</i>	$10^6$
giga	<i>G</i>	$10^9$
tera	<i>T</i>	$10^{12}$

### Particles

	Charge	Mass
Alpha Particle	$+2e$	$6.65 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Electron	$-1e$	$9.11 \times 10^{-31} \text{ kg}$
Proton	$+1e$	$1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$
Neutron	0	$1.67 \times 10^{-27} \text{ kg}$

### Kinematics & Dynamics

$$x = x_o + v_o t + \frac{1}{2} a t^2$$

$$v = v_o + a t$$

$$v^2 = v_o^2 + 2a(x - x_o)$$

$$\vec{F} = m\vec{a}$$

$$\vec{F} = \frac{Gm_1m_2}{r_{12}^2} \hat{r}_{12}$$

### Momentum & Energy

$$\vec{p} = m\vec{v}$$

$$K_1 + U_1 + W_{nc} = K_2 + U_2$$

$$\vec{F} \Delta t = m \Delta \vec{v}$$

$$W = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{d}$$

$$P = \frac{W}{t} = \vec{F} \cdot \vec{v}$$

### Useful Equations

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\frac{d(t^n)}{dt} = n t^{n-1}$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \sin(\omega t) = \omega \cos(\omega t)$$

$$\frac{d}{dt} \cos(\omega t) = -\omega \sin(\omega t)$$

$$\ln(e^{ab}) = ab$$

## PHYSICS EQUATION SHEET

### Electricity

$$\vec{F}_{12}(r) = k \frac{q_1 q_2}{r_{12}^2} \hat{r}_{12}$$

$$\vec{E}_p = \frac{kq}{r^2} \hat{r}_p$$

$$\vec{F} = Q\vec{E}$$

$$\vec{p} = q\vec{d}$$

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{p} \times \vec{E}$$

$$U(r) = k \frac{qQ}{r}$$

$$V = \frac{U}{q} = - \int_R^P \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l}$$

$$V = \int \frac{k}{r} dq$$

$$V = \frac{kq}{r}$$

$$V_B - V_A = - \int_A^B \vec{E} \cdot d\vec{l}$$

$$\Delta V = -Ed$$

### Circuits

$$I = \frac{dQ}{dt}$$

$$v_d = \frac{I}{nqA}$$

$$R = \rho \frac{L}{A}$$

$$V = IR$$

$$\rho = \rho_0 [1 + \alpha(T - T_0)]$$

$$R_{eq} = R_1 + R_2 + R_3 \dots$$

$$R_{eq} = \left( \frac{1}{R_1} + \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} \dots \right)^{-1}$$

$$P = IV = I^2 R = \frac{V^2}{R}$$

$$C = \frac{Q}{V} = \kappa \epsilon_0 \frac{A}{d} = \kappa C_0$$

$$\frac{1}{C_S} = \frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{C_2} + \frac{1}{C_3} \dots$$

$$C_P = C_1 + C_2 + C_3 \dots$$

$$U_C = \frac{1}{2} V^2 C = \frac{1}{2} \frac{Q^2}{C} = \frac{1}{2} QV$$

$$\tau = RC$$

$$q(t) = Q \left( 1 - e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}} \right)$$

$$q(t) = Q e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$$

$$I(t) = I_0 e^{-\frac{t}{\tau}}$$

$$V_R(t) = I(t)R$$

$$V_C(t) = \frac{q(t)}{C}$$

### Magnetism

$$\vec{F} = q\vec{v} \times \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{F} = I\vec{l} \times \vec{B}$$

$$r = \frac{mv}{qB}$$

$$\vec{\mu} = NIA\hat{n}$$

$$\vec{\tau} = \vec{\mu} \times \vec{B}$$

$$\vec{B} = \frac{\mu_0}{4\pi} \int_{\text{wire}} \frac{Id\vec{l} \times \hat{r}}{r^2}$$

$$B_{\text{wire}} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi R}$$

$$B_{\text{loop}} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2R}$$

$$B_{\text{solenoid}} = \frac{\mu_0 NI}{L} = \mu_0 nI$$

$$\Phi_m = \int_S \vec{B} \cdot \hat{n} dA$$

$$\Phi_m = BA \cos \theta$$

$$\mathcal{E} = -N \frac{d\Phi_m}{dt}$$

$$\mathcal{E}_{av} = -N \frac{\Delta\Phi_m}{\Delta t}$$

$$\mathcal{E} = Blv$$